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Community-Based Participatory Research

"bridges the gap between science and practice through community engagement and social action"



Community is defined using identity.
A cyclical and iterative process is involved.
Knowledge, findings, and outcomes are shared with all partners.
The collaboration involves long-term commitment by all partners.
Health promotion is addressed from both positive and ecological

perspective.

- The collaboration identifies and builds on strengths and resources within the community.
- Knowledge, activities, and interventions are structured to assure mutual benefit for all partners.
 - The process is structured to facilitate collaborative, equitable involvement of all partners in all phases of the research.
- The established processes promote co-learning and empowerment, and attend to social inequities.

"Adherence to CBPR principles...assure[s] that researchers and partners maintain the trust and respect required to continuously identify research priorities, gaps in needed services and interventions... [and] to continually work to collaborate in ways that address disparities and community needs"

> Identify Priority Community Issues

Assess Community Strengths and Dynamics Design and Conduct Community Based Research

Institutional

Process

Partnership

and Community Partners Interpret findings

Institutional and Community Partners translate and disseminate research findings

Benefits of Community-Based Participatory Research

Institutional Partner

- Learns more about local resources and services.
- Obtains improved ecological validity of research.

• Gains understanding of how interventions in other communities may or may not apply to local circumstances.

• Gains additional knowledge and perspective on the community's history and culture.

• Sees evidence of how community experiences can improve the research process.

Community Parnters

- Gains understanding of how certain decisions about research design could impact the credibility of the results.
- Sees evidence of how their experiences can improve the research process.
 - Obtains data that validate their concerns to the "outside world."

• Provides "proof" that policy makers, the media, and other high- level decision makers require before they believe that

the issue deserves their attention.

• Sees resulting benefits in the community.